Claims

A method of producing a polyuronic acid having an average degree of polymerization less than 20, comprising the steps:

- (a) providing a solution containing 5 wt.% or more of a high molecular weight polygronic acid predominantly as its lithium salt;
- (b) adding hydrogen peroxide and a ferrous salt to the solution prepared in step (a) to oxidatively degrade the high molecular weight polygronic acid; and
- (c) isolating a polyuronic acid having an average degree of polymerization less than 20 obtained in step (b).
- 2. The method of Claim 1 wherein the acidic solution of step (a) has a pH value less than or equal to 5.0 or a pH value at which greater than or equal to 90% of the high molecular weight polyuronic acid is solubilized.
- 3. The method of Claim 1 wherein the hydrogen peroxide is added as an aqueous hydrogen peroxide solution.

The method of Claim 1 wherein the amount of hydrogen peroxide used is preferably in the range of 20 to 220 mole percent relative to the high molecular weight polyuronic acid.

- 5. The method of Claim 1 wherein the amount of the ferrous salt used is preferably in the range of 0.01 to 10 mole percent relative to the hydrogen peroxide.
- 6. The method of Claim 1 wherein the reaction in step (b) is an exothermic reaction and after completion of the exothermic reaction step (c) is implemented.
- 7. The method of Claim 1 wherein the step (c) comprises:
- (c1) separating the solution containing the product polyuronic acids from insoluble iron products;
- (c2) precipitating the product polyuronic acids from the solution prepared in step (c1); and
- (c3) separating the precipitated polyuronic acids from the mixture prepared in step (c2).
- The method of Claim 7 wherein the product polyuronic acids are precipitated from the solution prepared in step (c2) by one or a combination of the following methods:

- (1) lowering the py by addition of an acid,
- (2) adding a low molecular weight carboxylic acid,
- (3) adding a low/molecular weight alcohol, or
- (4) evaporating the liquid phase.
- 9. The method of Claim 8 wherein after addition of an acid the lowered pH value is less than or equal to 3.3.
- 10. The method of Claim 8 wherein the low molecular weight carboxylic acid is acetic acid, propionic acid or a mixture thereof.
- 11. The method of Claim 8 wherein the low molecular weight alcohol is one or more selected from the group consisting of methanol, ethanol, n-propanol, and isopropanol.
- 12. The method of Claim 1 wherein the high molecular weight polyuronic acid starting material has a weight average molecular weight less than or equal to 50,000 g/mole.
- 3. The method of <u>Claim 1</u> wherein step (c) is omitted and the product is obtained as a solution containing predominantly polyuronic acids, having an average degree of polymerization less than 20 and, if necessary, insoluble iron products are removed therefrom.